

How to stay safe from family violence

Women's Legal Centre ACT



Easy English



Hard words

This book has some hard words.

The first time we write a hard word

• the word is in blue

• we write what the hard word means.

You can get help with this book



You can get someone to help you

read this book

know what this book is about



• find more information.

About this book



This book is written by the Women's Legal Centre ACT.





The Women's Legal Centre helps women with legal problems in the ACT.

For example, family violence.



Family violence is when a person hurts someone in their family.



This book is about things you can do to stay safe from family violence.

What is family violence?



Family violence can be

physical.

When a person

- hurts you
- does **not** give you things you need such as medication or support tools.



verbal.

When a person says things that make you feel

- bad about yourself
- afraid. For example, threatens to hurt you or other family members.



social.

When a person stops you from

- going out
- seeing your family and friends.



Family violence can also be

financial.

When a person

- spends your money and does **not**ask you
- does **not** let you use your own money for things.



sexual.

When a person

- makes you have sex with them when
 you do **not** want to
- touches your private parts when you do
 not want them to.



Family violence can include children.



It is also family violence when children

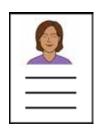
• hear a family member hurt someone



• see a family member be violent



• know about the violence.



Make a safety plan

It is a good idea to make a safety plan.

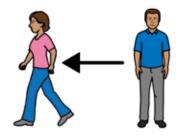


A safety plan helps you know what to do

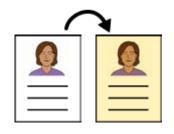
when family violence happens



 when you want to leave the violent relationship



when you have left the violent relationship.



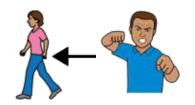
Every safety plan is different.

You can get help to make a safety plan.



Call 000 if you are unsafe and need help quickly.

Things to do when family violence happens



You might plan

how you will get away from the violence



where you will go



what you will take with you



who you will call for help.



For example, you might

call a friend to pick you up

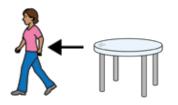


hide a packed bag somewhere you can grab in a hurry



ask your neighbours to call the police if they hear loud noises.

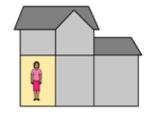
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When violence happens, move somewhere safe or where it is easy to escape.

For example, move

• away from any glass furniture



• to the ground floor



• next to an unlocked door.



Make sure you have your phone so you can call for help.



You might call the police or someone you trust.



Even if you can **not** talk, the call is enough to let people know you need help.

Things to do when you want to leave the violent relationship



You might plan to have your things ready

• in a safe place

or



• with a person you trust.



For example

some extra money



• an extra set of keys



• a mobile phone



your medication



 important documents such as your birth certificate or passport.

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You might set up a new bank account the violent family member does **not** know about.



Talk to someone you trust about

what you plan to do



where you plan to go

 a safe word you can say when you need help.



You might think about a plan for your

children



• pets.

Things to do when you have left the violent relationship



Make sure your home is secure.

For example, you might get

• an alarm system



 lights that turn on when someone is close to your home



• extra locks on gates and windows.



Tell people around you what the violent person looks like so they know when to call for help.

For example, tell

your neighbours



your children

• people who give your children care.



You might set up an answering machine that records voice messages from the violent family member.



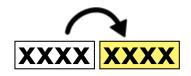


It might be a good idea to keep your location and phone number secret from the violent family member.



You might

 get a different phone or email the family member does not know about



• change your passwords and locks

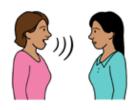


turn off location settings on your phone



- make sure your social media is private
 - for example, your profile does **not** show your photo or where you live.

If you need more help



Talk to people you trust about your safety plan and what they can do to help.



We can help you find experts who

• know a lot about family violence



• give information and advice



• give you legal support



• help you make your safety plan.



You can get a family violence order.



A family violence order is a piece of paper from the court that

 might protect you from a violent family member



has rules the violent family member
 must follow.

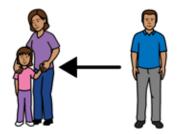


If the family member does **not** follow the rules, they can get arrested.



A family violence order can make the violent family member angry if they think you want to

• leave the relationship



• take away their children.

There might be better ways for you to stay safe.



Where to get help

Call 000 if you are unsafe and need help quickly.



Domestic Violence Crisis Service

You can get help from the Domestic Violence Crisis Service 24 hours a day.



Call 02 6280 0900



Legal Aid ACT

Contact the Domestic Violence and Personal Protection Unit.



Call 02 6207 1874

Sunny app

You can get the Sunny app on your phone to learn more about family violence.

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You can get help from an advocate.



An advocate can help you

understand information



say what you want



make decisions.



ACT Disability, Aged and Carer Advocacy Service





Call 02 6242 5060

Go to www.adacas.org.au



Advocacy for Inclusion





Call 02 6257 4005

Go to www.advocacyforinclusion.org



More information

We can help you find support services you need.



Contact Women's Legal Centre ACT

Call 02 6257 4377



Website www.wlc.org.au



Email admin@wlc.org.au



If you need help to speak or listen

Contact Women's Legal Centre through the National Relay Service or NRS.



Call the NRS help desk 1800 555 660

Go to the NRS website communications.gov.au/accesshub/nrs

Notes			

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The Women's Legal Centre obtained permission to modify this booklet for use in the ACT in 2012. The booklet was substantially revised and updated in 2018.

This Easy English resource is based on the 2018 version, available at www.wlc.org.au

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